OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Eas NDC was sale		Australia 17840
For NPS use only	21	1983
received		1300
date entered		1

1. Nam	ne				
historic Po	ttawatomie Creek	Bridge	(Rainb	0 W	
and/or common	Pottawatomie Cr	eek Bri			
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	. 1/2 mile Sout	h of Os	awatomie on FAS	1604	N/A not for publication
	sawatomie Vic	; +x	X vicinity of	C Lieston	
Von			20	Miami	1.01
State	sification	code	20 county	FILGUIT	code 121
Category district building(s)X structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered X N/A	Ac	atus X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress ccessible yes: restricted X_ yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific X transportation other:
name Miami C	County				
city, town Pao			N/A vicinity of	state	Kansas
	ation of Le	egal		on	rear of the
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Regi	ster of Deeds		
street & number	Miami County	Courtho	use		
city, town	Paola			state	Kansas
	resentatio	n in	Existing		
Inventory	y of Marsh arch	Bridges	- h Abi	perty been determined	eligible?yes _Xno
date 1980				federalX st	atecountyloca
depository for su	irvey records Kans	as State	e Historical Soc	ciety	
				state	Kansas

7. Description

Condition excellent	AAL deteriorated ruins	Check one unaltered	Check one X original site	
		X altered	moved date	
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Pottawatomie Creek bridge is situated 1/2 mile south of Osawatomie, Kansas on FAS 1604. The 370 foot long structure is composed of a 120 foot "rainbow arch" (or Marsh arch"), two 80 foot rainbow arches, and two 40 foot concrete deck approach spans. The two smaller arches show evidence of the removal of their overhead thru struts. Also, the roadway has been resurfaced periodically but this has not significantly compromised the bridge's integrity. Marsh's plans allowed for whatever filling material, between the bridge deck curbs, that locality might desire. Built at a total cost of \$49,000 this bridge contains 1500 yards of concrete and 313,000 pounds of steel.

The best description of the rainbow arch spans is contained in James Marsh's 1911 patent application. The bridge consists of "... two abutments (which could be piers), a pair of arches disposed between and springing from the abutments, the floor carried by and between the arches and reaching from one abutment to the other where it alines with the parapets or rails along opposite sides of the floor line." The original patents called for slideable wear plates to be moulded into the concrete where the bridge floor came into contact with the beams and abutments. This is of importance as one of the main benefits of this design was to allow for the expansion and contraction of the reinforced concrete bridge under varying conditions of temperature and moisture.

The Pottawatomie Creek bridge is 24 feet wide and 27 feet tall at its highest arch. The deepest pier rests on a bed of soft shale approximately 57 feet below grade. The low water level lies approximately 37.5 feet below grade. The structure required 218 days for its building and was reported by the Osawatomie <u>Graphic</u> on June 30, 1932 to have a capacity of 15 heavily loaded trucks, driving in opposite directions. The bridge was opened to traffic on June 24, 1932.

There were two basic rainbow arch designs, fixed and tied. The original patent application describes the fixed type in which case the arch flowed below the bridge deck and was "fixed" directly into the abutment. This massive abutment (or pier) resisted both the horizontal and the vertical thrust of the arch. In a tied design such as that of the Pottawatomie Creek bridge, the arch did not flow below the deck line and was not fixed directly into the abutment. It was secured atop the abutment or pier by the use of steel rocker or expansion rocker bearings. Vertical thrust was resisted by the pier and bearing, while horizontal thrust was resisted by the addition of a lower chord.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–		heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education X engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater X transportation other (specify)
Snecific dates	1932	Builder/Architect Jam	es Barney Marsh, Eng	ineer

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Pottawatomie Creek "rainbow arch" (or "Marsh arch") bridge south of Osawatomie retains its integrity of location, design, setting, materials, feeling, and association. It is associated with the life of James B. Marsh, pioneer in steel and concrete bridge construction. It embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type and method of construction that is no longer being used and, as such, may yield information important to the history of engineering. Of the 72 known rainbow arch bridges in Kansas only 8 possess three arches.

James Barney Marsh was born in 1856 at North Lake, Wisconsin. He went to Iowa at the age of 18 to enter preparatory school at Fredericksburg. Marsh graduated in 1882 from Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechnaical Arts in Ames, with a B.M.E. degree. In March of 1883 he began his professional career in the Des Moines office of the King Bridge Company of Cleveland, Ohio. With King, Marsh was involved in the design, sales and actual erection of metal bridges. While he continued to work with the King company, he also became head of the Northern Agency for the Kansas City Bridge and Iron Company. In this capacity, he both designed and superintended the actual construction work done by the company. By March of 1889, Marsh had become general western agent and contracting engineer for the King Bridge Company and was placed in charge of the general western office in Des Moines. In the spring of 1896, he formed his own company, the Marsh Bridge Company, and was its sole proprietor. In private practice as a contracting engineer, Marsh was able to more fully develop his own designs. He also constructed the designs he developed, usually using steel as a medium. At the turn of the century, Marsh initiated the use of both concrete and steel in his bridge design. In April of 1904, the Marsh Bridge Company was incorporated with Marsh as president and chief engineer. In 1909, the company was reorganized as the Marsh Engineering Company.

It was not until the introduction of the "rainbow arch" by Marsh, that Kansas made widespread use of reinforced concrete spans for major stream crossings. Marsh canvassed the midwest, selling his arches in direct competition with the steel trusses at that time.

The Osawatomie <u>Graphic</u> reported on June 4, 1931 that the road bonds for No. 7 south had been sold to the Miami County banks and that work would soon begin on paving the road. This project included the building of a large bridge 1/2 mile south of town. The July 10, 1931 edition of the Ottawa <u>Herald</u> announced that 20 contractors entered bids for its construction. State Highway Commission engineers at division headquarters eventually awarded the contract to the J. S. Vance and Son Construction Company of Parsons, Kansas. On July 31, 1931 the Miami <u>Republican</u> predicted that the mile of roadwork including the bridge would cost over \$114,000 making it the most expensive mile of roadwork in the county. The bridge itself was to cost \$66,751.56. Of it the paper wrote, "This is the most costly and will be the most pretentious bridge in the county."

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet, Item Number 9.

10. Geograph	ical Data			
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C		, D		
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state	code	county		code
11. Form Pre	nared Ry			
organization Kansas State	Historical Socie		June 10, 19	
city or town Topeka		state	Kansas	
12. State Hist	toric Prese	ervation O	fficer Ce	rtification
The evaluated significance of th	is property within the s	state is: local		
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this pro according to the criteria and pro	perty for inclusion in th	e National Register and	d certify that it has	
State Historic Preservation Office	er signature	mpMM. L	Tall .	
title Executive Director.	Vs. State Water	deal Casista	date Janu	1000
For NPS use only	NS. State Histor	Ical 20clery	Jani	ary 4 1983
I hereby certify that this pr	roperty is included in th	ne National Register		
			date	
Keeper of the National Regi	ster			
Attest:			date	
Chief of Registration		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		

Form No. 10-300a

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 & 9 PAGE 1

The Osawatomie Graphic-News wrote on June 9, 1932 that the Pottawatomie Creek Bridge was nearly completed. The approaches had been paved and the road would be open for traffic in a few days. The June 30, 1932 edition reported the June 24 grand opening of the new road and bridge complete with parade and balloon ascension. The parade began at 2:00 at Fourth street and ended at the bridge at 2:30 with speeches by Mr. Walker, assistant engineer, Mr. Pendtleton, maintenance supervisor for the district's State Highway system, and Adjutant General Mclean, who represented the governor. General Mclean then cut the ribbon officially opening the bridge to traffic. The American Legion Juvenile band played and at 4:30 Mr. Hardie Dillinger made a successful balloon ascension and parachute jump landing just north of the Marais des Cygne.

Item 9

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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"Cooperation Brings Results," Osawatomie Graphic-News, June 18, 1931 pl1 cl1

"Cook Low Bidder on New K-33 Slab," Ottawa Herald, July 10, 1931 p 1 c 3

"This Mile of Road is Very Expensive," Miami Republican, July 31, 1931 p 1 c 4

"Court House News," Osawatomie Graphic-News, September 3, 1931 p 1 c 6

"Items Gathered at Court House," Miami Republican, September 25, 1931, p 1 c 1

"New Bridge Almost Completed," Osawatomie Graphic-News, June 9, 1932, p 1 c 1

"Big Crowd Here for Road Opening Day," Osawatomie Graphic-News, June 30, 1932, p 1 c 1

Nichols, C. D., Comp. <u>Directory of Graduates of Division of Engineering</u>, Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, Ames, Iowa.

The Alumnus of Iowa State. Alumni Association of Iowa State College, Ames.

Volume XXXII, #1, July 1936

Marsh, James B., Specification of Letters Patent Number 1,035,026, patented August 6, 1912, United States Patent Office, Washington, D.C.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Item number

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Multiple Resource Area Thematic Group dnr-11

	te Kansas			
No	mination/Type of Review			Date/Signature
1.	Cedar Creek Bridge	National Register	Keeper	3/10/83 Helms Byen
2.	Brush Creek Bridge	National Register	Attest	3/10/83 Albris Byer
3.	Neosho River Bridge	Entered in National Register	Attest	3/01/8 3 Dilons/Byen
4.	Conroe Bridge	National Register	Attest	3/w/83 XlelousByen
5.	Mine Creek Bridge	Entered in the	Attest	3/10/8 3 Delves Sye
6.	Soden's Grove Bridge	Substantive Review	Attest Keeper	Janan McClelland
7.	Creamery Bridge	Entered in the National Register	Attest Keeper	3/10/8 3 Selvers Byen
3.	Pottawatomie Creek Bri	dge Entered in the National Register	Attest Keeper	3/10/83 Selver Sycie
9.	Dewlen-Spohnhauer Brid		Attest	3/10/83 Xelons/Dyer
10	Blacksmith Creek Bridg	Entered in the	Attest	3/10/83 Deloughye

inited States Department of the Interior Intional Park Service

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Questions concerning	this nomination	may be dire	ected to		
Signed		Date		Phone: 20	2 272 - 350







